

MEDNIK, G.L., dotsent

Conference on the problems of biochemistry and clinical use of corti-
costeroids. Zdrav. Tadzh. 6 no.5:45-46 '59. (MIRA 13:3)
(STEROIDS)

KOTS, Ya.L., prof., zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki; KAL'SHTEYN, L.I., kand.
med.nauk; MEDNIK, G.L., dotsent.

Use of mezaton in otorhinolaryngological practice. Zhur. ush.,
nos. 1 gorl. bol. 20 no.4:59-60 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz kafedry bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa (zav. - zasluzhennyy
deyatel' nauki prof. Ya.L.Kots) i kafedry farmakologii (zav. -
dotsent G.L.Mednik) Stalinskiy meditsinskiy institut
imeni Avitsenny.

(ETHANOL)

(OTOLARYNGOLOGY)

MEDNIK, G.L., dotsent; LORENTS, O.G., dotsent; BRAGINSKIY, B.M., dotsent;
GLUSHCHENKO, A.G. (Dushanbe)

Functional activity of the adrenal cortex in people in high
mountain regions. Probl.endok.i gorm. no.4:104-106 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz kafedr farmakologii, normal'noy fiziologii, fakul'tetskoy
terapii i sudebnoy meditsiny meditsinskogo instituta (dir. Z.P.
Khodzhayev).

(ADRENAL CORTEX) (ALTITUDE, INFLUENCE OF)

JENNIX, G.L.; PROCTOR, V.A.

Effect of cortisone on the reactivity of the organism in low and high mountains. Trudy Tadzh. nat. inst. 1964:222-223.

1. Tadzhikskiy meditsinskii institut (Prof. Abdull. Ismailov), Dushanbe.

MEDNIK, G.L., dotsent; OSMAN, Z.I.

Effect of cortisone on the passage of sulfanilamide into the
fluid of pleural exudate. Pat. fiziol. i eksp. terap. 8
no.5:56-59 S-O '64. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Kafedra farmakologii (zav. - dotsent G.L.Mednik; konsul'tant
prof. I.A.Oyvvin) Tadzhikskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni
Avitsenny, Dushanbe. Submitted February 28, 1963.

MEDNIK, I.Ya., inzhener.

Direct calculation of compression members of wooden bridges.

Trudy Khab. IIT no.7:178-188 '54. (MLRA 8:1)

(Bridges, Wooden) (Structures, Theory of)

MEDNIK, I.Ya., inzhener.

Determining the center of the slip curve in calculating the
stability of a soil mass. Trudy Khab.IIT no.7:189-193 '54.
(Soil stabilization) (MLRA 8:1)

MEDNIK, I.Ya., inzhener.

On the use of prestressed reinforced concrete in bridge supports.
Trudy Nhab.IIT no.9:61-76 '56. (MLRA 9:12)
(Bridges, Concrete) (Prestressed concrete)

MEDNIK, I.Ya.

← MEDNIK, I.Ya., Cond Tech Sci (USSR)
Use *different*
"Application of tension-~~cast~~ reinforced concrete in bridge sur-
ports." Vladivostok, 1960. 12 pp (Acad Sci USSR. Far Eastern
Affiliate im V.L. Komarov), 150 copies (KL, 25-58, 114)

MEDNIK, M. P.

The Committee on Stalin Prizes (of the Council of Ministers USSR) in the fields of science and inventions announces that the following scientific works, popular scientific books, and textbooks have been submitted for competition for Stalin Prizes for the years 1952 and 1953. (Sovetskaya Kultura, Moscow, No. 22-40, 20 Feb - 3 Apr. 1954)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title of Work</u>	<u>Nominated by</u>
<u>Mednik, M. P.</u>	"Cotton Growing" Textbook	Ministry of Agriculture Uzbek SSR

MEDNIK M.R.

MORGUNOV, I.N.; MEDNIK, M.R.; TITARENKO, I.F.

Effect of large concentrations of penicillin on *Streptococcus hemolyticus*. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.7:101 J1 '54. (MLRA 7:9)

1. Iz Kiyevskogo instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii.
(PENICILLIN) (STREPTOCOCCUS PYOGENES)

Abstract U-7920, 8 Mar 56

Mednik, M. R. and Korol', S. A.

Further studies of hemotoxic factors in tissues of animals subjected to the action of ionizing rays. p 241

Materialy nauchnykh konferentsii, Kiev, 1959. 288pp
(Kievskiy Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy Institut Epidemiologii i Mikrobiologii)

MEDNIK M. R.

Mednik, M.R.

Effect of various cultivation conditions upon some metabolic processes of the abdominal typhus rod. Report 2. Effect of cultivation conditions upon the dynamics of the changes occurring in the indices during the growing of the abdominal typhus rod on bouillon of peptic digestion.

→ Materialy nauchnykh konferentsii, Kiev, 1959. 288pp
(Kievskiy Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy Institut Epidemiologii i Mikrobiologii)

SHAYKHET, G.Kh.; RAPP, Yu.V.; MEDNIK, M.R.

Purification of influenza antisera. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i
immun. 30 no.5:37-42 My '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Iz Kiyevskogo instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii.
(INFLUENZA, immunol.
antiserum, purification (Rus))

MEDNIK, M. R.

Cand Biol Sci - (diss) "Effect of various culture conditions on several metabolic processes of the typhoid bacillus." Rostov-na-Don, 1961. 11 pp; (Rostov-na-Don State Univ); 200 copies; price not given; (KL, 6-61 sup, 208)

RADEV, Asen, inzh.. MEDNIKAROV Kiril, inzh.

Device for determining discharge rate of storage battery
during the time of its operation. Ratsionalizatsiia 14
no.10:37-40 '64.

MEDNIKAROV, R.

Lake Baikal. p. 12.

Vol. 5, no. 7, 1955
GEOGRAFIIA
Sofiya, Bulgaria

MEDNIKAROV, R.

Nikolai Nikolaevich Mikiukha-Maklai; a biographic sketch. p. 18.

GEOGRAFIJA VOL. 5, no. 10, 1955

Sofiya, Bulgaria

MEDNIKAROV, R.

The seismograph records. p. 18

GEOGRAFIIA. Vol. 6, No. 3, 1956

Sofiya, Bulgaria

So. East European Accessions List

Vol. 5, No. 9

September, 1956

MEDNIKAROV, R.

MEDNIKAROV, R. Tunisia. p.18.

Vol. 6, no. 6, 1956. GEOGRAFIIA, Sofiya, Bulgaria.

MEDNIKAROV, R.

MEDNIKAROV, R. Azure seacoast: travel notes. p. 8.

Vol. 6, No. 9, 1956

GEOGRAFIJA

GEOGRAPHY & GEOLOGY

Sofia, Bulgaria

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, February 1957

MEDNIKAROV, R.

"Madagascar."

p.20 (Geografiia, Vol. 8, No. 6, 1958, Sofia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 11,
Nov. 1958

MEDNIKAROVA, M.; DELCHEV, G.

"Influence of the graft stock on the alkaloid content in Hyoscyamus niger
and Atropa belladonna. In French."

DOKLADY, Sofia, Bulgaria, Vol 11, no. 2 Mar./Apr. 1958

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033210020-9

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033210020-9"

MEDNIKOV, A.

MEDNIKOV, A. "Masters of the ore region", (Miners of the Urivoy bog basin, God XXXII. Al'manakh 2, Moscow, 1949, p. 469-510.

SO: U-4393, 19 August 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey', No. 22, 1949).

MEDNIKOV, Anatolii.

Master driller Moskva Molodaia gvardiia, 1951. 85 p. (Molodye
stroiteli kommunizma) (52-37889)

TN874.R9:4

CLASSIFICATION		PROPERTY AND PROPERTIES INDEX		100 AND 510 CIPHER	
CA					17
Citric and malic acids from tobacco. A. I. Modnikov. Russ. Zh. Khim., Jan. 31, 1941. To decrease the yield of contaminating substances (poetic substances, carboxy- drates, org. acids of unknown compn.) along with citric and malic acids, NaCl is added to the extg. solvent.					

MEDNIKOV, A. I., SHEUK, A. A. and MALOV, M. K.

"Nicotine", Russ. 54,879, May 31, 1939.

Ac. ext. of tobacco is acidified with H_2SO_4 and the nicotine pptd. with $K_4Fe(CN)_6$ and $ZnCl_2$. The ppt. is washed and dissolved in alkali, and nicotine extd. from the soln. by means of org. solvents.

Mednikov, A. I.

USSR/Biology - Biochemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 35/54

Authors : Prokohev, S. M.; Baranova, V. Z.; and Mednikov, A. I.

Title : Organic acids in cotton plant leaves

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 102/5, 985-987, Jun 11, 1955

Abstract : Data are presented regarding the utilization of organic acids (malic and citric acids), contained in large amounts in cotton plant leaves, as an ~~important~~ potential for the manufacture of nutritive acids. Four

MEDNIKOV, A. I. , LEYKIN, Ye. R., and SIPYAGIN, A. A.,

"Citric Acid from Makhorka," USSR 64,414, 30 Apr 45. (Chem. Abs. 40,18, 20 Sep 46)

An aq. ext. obtained from makhorka by diffusion is heated with hydroxides or carbonates to a pH 8.2. Surfaceactive and colloidal substances settle out and are filtered off. From the filtrate at pH 6-7 is p.td. a citrate with CaCl_2 . Further processing is as usual.

CHUMAKOV, Yu.I.; MEDNIKOV, A.I.; VIRNIK, R.I.

Preparation of nicotinic acid from nicotine. Zhur.prikl.khim.
35 no.3:602-605 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:4)
(Nicotine) (Nicotinic acid)

CHUMAKOV, Yu.I.; RUSAKOVA, L.A.; MEDNIKOV, A.I.; VIRNIK, R.I.

Nicotinic acid. Metod.poluch.khim.reak. i prepar. no.7:79-82
'63. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskii institut.

MEDNIKOV, A.K.

Separation of nickel from germanium. Fiz.tver.tela 1 no.12:
1860-1862 D '59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR, Moskva.
(Nickel--Metallurgy)
(Germanium--Metallurgy)

81771-

24.7500

S/161/60/002/02/08/033
B006/B067

AUTHOR: Mednikov, A. K.

TITLE: Influence Exercised by the Processing of Germanium With
Lead on the Lifetime of Non-equilibrium Carriers

PERIODICAL: Fizika tverdogo tela, 1960, Vol. 2, No. 2, pp. 235-238

TEXT: The aim of the author was to investigate the possibility of extracting copper traces from germanium as well as to explain the part played by the residual copper impurities and structural defects in the recombination processes in germanium. For this purpose, samples cut out of n-type single crystals ($5 \times 5 \times 10^{-3}$ cm³) with a resistivity of 10^{-2} ohm-cm were used.

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Influence Exercised by the Processing of Germanium With Lead on the Lifetime of Non-equilibrium Carriers

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B006/B067

lead, the other one was left unchanged. After the extraction treatment the former showed the same results as described in Refs. 1, 2, the latter showed an unchanged resistivity and an unchanged conductivity type, but a reduced diffusion length which was $1/2$ to $1/5$ of the initial value. The exact results of measurement are shown in Table 1. Thermal treatment in the lead contact reduced the absolute diffusion lengths of all samples; this result is unexpected since an extraction of copper which forms recombination centers was expected to increase the diffusion length. Table 2 contains the results obtained with a simultaneous treatment of high- and low-resistance samples. It is demonstrated that the decrease in the diffusion lengths cannot be explained by assuming that copper can

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Influence Exercised by the Processing of
Germanium With Lead on the Lifetime of
Non-equilibrium Carriers

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purpose after the extraction did not change the diffusion lengths (Table 3). Hence, the effects observed are explained as follows: Recombination centers are formed in germanium during the crystal growth, which are, however, occupied by copper atoms. Then, an extraction of these copper atoms may lead to a decrease in the diffusion length. To verify this explanation, further experiments were made, whose results are shown in Table 4 and in the figure. In conclusion, the author thanks Professor S. G. Kalashnikov for the suggestion of the subject and discussions, V. G. Alekseyeva and I. V. Karpova for the production of the single crystals, and N. B. Pleteneva for the production of the high-purity lead. There are 1 figure, 4 tables, and 6 non-Soviet references.

S/181/60/002/009/005/036
B004/B056

9.4340 (1143, 1160, 1331)

AUTHORS: Kalashnikov, S. G., Mednikov, A. K.

TITLE: The Effect of Copper Impurity Atmosphere at Dislocations
in Germanium Upon Recombination

PERIODICAL: Fizika tverdogo tela, 1960, Vol. 2, No. 9, pp. 2058-2065

TEXT: In the present paper, the results obtained in an earlier paper (Ref. 1) are checked, according to which copper impurities enter into interaction with structural defects and reduce the recombination rate. From n-type material, copper was extracted by means of lead at

The Effect of Copper Impurity Atmosphere at Dislocations in Germanium Upon Recombination 84064
S/181/60/002/009/005/036
B004/B056

increasing density of the dislocations, these maxima occur at higher copper contents. Fig. 4 shows that N_m is a linear function of N_d , and Table 2

gives the corresponding values. The experiments confirm the interaction between copper and the linear dislocations. The following was found as the optimum copper quantity c_d per unit length of dislocation: $c_d < 10^8 \text{ cm}^{-1}$. ✓

Besides the extraction of copper by means of lead, the authors also investigated the liberation of dislocations from the impurity atmosphere by means of quenching (Ref. 12). Germanium samples were heated to 625-700°C and quenched in oil. Table 3 shows that the diffusion length was thereby considerably reduced and remained unchanged by after-treatment of the sample.

MEDNIKOV, A. K.

Cand Phys-Math Sci, Diss -- "The effect of molten metal treatment of germanium on its electrical properties". Tashkent, 1961. 10 pp, 22 cm (Acad of Sci UzSSR. Joint Sci Council of the Dept of Phys-Math Sci), 175 copies, Not for sale (KL, No 9, 1961, p 175, No 24257).
[61-55868]

89293

S/181/61/003/001/032/042
B102/B204

9.4177 (also 1395)

AUTHORS: Kalashnikov, S. G. and Mednikov, A. K.

TITLE: Distribution of nickel in the system germanium-lead and its interaction with structural defects

PERIODICAL: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 3, no. 1, 1961, 224-229

TEXT: It is known that Ni impurity atoms in germanium behave similarly as copper atoms. As, therefore, an interaction of copper atoms with structural defects (change in recombination rate) is known, such interaction may also be assumed in the case of nickel. A verification of this assumption was, besides determining the Ni distribution coefficient in the

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Distribution of nickel in the...

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B102/B204

room temperature); X_1 was determined from the Ni concentration in solid lead at room temperature. The specimens were cut from an n-type Ge single crystal (3.3·17 mm); they were heated in contact with pure lead, after which the Hall constant was measured. They were then again heated in contact with a Pb-Ni alloy, and the Hall constant was again measured. The concentration N_g of the introduced nickel atoms was calculated in consideration of the existence of two energy levels on the Ni atoms. The results obtained are given in Table 1. The temperature dependence of the nickel distribution coefficient in the Ge-Pb system may be described by the relation $\ln K = A - B/T$, where $B = 13,800^\circ K$. Also the distribution of Sb and Cu in Ge and of Cu in Si obeys this law. For the purpose of proving

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Distribution of nickel in the...

temperature for 28 hr, the nickel hereby diffusing into germanium. The following results were obtained:

Number of specimen	initial specimen		after heating with pure Pb 625°C		after heat treatment (50 hr)		after introduction of Ni (28 hr)	
	q	L	q	L [mm]	q	L	q	L [mm]
14	2.0	0.9	2.0	0.2	2.0	0.2	2.0	0.5
15	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.3	1.1	0.3	1.1	0.6
16	1.4	0.8	1.4	0.3	1.4	0.3	1.4	0.7
17	1.3	0.1	1.3	0.2	1.3	0.2	1.3	0.2

All specimens had n-type conductivity. Numbers 14, 15, and 16 were nickel-coated, while 17 was not. In the course of a further series of experi-

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B102/B204

Distribution of nickel in the...

There are 3 figures, 3 tables, and 9 references: 4 Soviet-bloc and
4 non-Soviet-bloc.

ASSOCIATION: Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR (Institute of
Radio-engineering and Electronics, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 11, 1960

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B102/B204

Distribution of nickel in the...

Table 1

После обработки чистым свинцом		После введения никеля					
3)	4)	5)	6)	7)	8)	9)	10)
№ об- разца	концентрация электронов n, см ⁻³	концентрация атомов Ni в свинце N _{Ni} , см ⁻³	температу- ра, °C	тип прово- димо- сти	концентрация основных носителей, см ⁻³	концентрация атомов Ni N _{Ni} , см ⁻³	коэффициент распределения K
1	1.3 · 10 ¹⁴	6.3 · 10 ¹⁸	625	n	1.1 · 10 ¹⁴	2.0 · 10 ¹³	2.3 · 10 ⁻⁶
2	2.1 · 10 ¹⁴	1.6 · 10 ¹⁹	625	n	1.5 · 10 ¹⁴	5.0 · 10 ¹³	2.3 · 10 ⁻⁶
3	1.3 · 10 ¹⁴	6.3 · 10 ¹⁷	700	n	1.2 · 10 ¹⁴	6.1 · 10 ¹²	7.1 · 10 ⁻⁶
4	1.6 · 10 ¹⁴	2.0 · 10 ¹⁸	700	n	1.3 · 10 ¹⁴	2.0 · 10 ¹³	7.3 · 10 ⁻⁶
5	1.6 · 10 ¹⁴	6.3 · 10 ¹⁸	700	n	8.7 · 10 ¹³	6.2 · 10 ¹³	7.2 · 10 ⁻⁶
6	1.1 · 10 ¹⁴	2.7 · 10 ¹⁹	700	p	1.5 · 10 ¹⁴	2.5 · 10 ¹⁴	6.9 · 10 ⁻⁶
7	1.3 · 10 ¹⁴	8.1 · 10 ¹⁹	700	p	1.3 · 10 ¹⁴	2.5 · 10 ¹⁴	2.3 · 10 ⁻⁶
8	7.8 · 10 ¹³	6.3 · 10 ¹⁸	780	p	1.0 · 10 ¹⁴	1.7 · 10 ¹⁴	2.0 · 10 ⁻⁵
9	8.5 · 10 ¹³	6.3 · 10 ¹⁸	800	p	1.5 · 10 ¹⁴	2.2 · 10 ¹⁴	2.6 · 10 ⁻⁵

Distribution of nickel in the...

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Legend to Table 3:

ρ - resistivity; L - diffusion length (mm);

N_d - dislocation density;

1) initial specimen.

Таблица 3 (Table 3)

№ образца	Концентрация Ni в единице, см ⁻³ N_L	Тип проводимости	Удельное сопротивление, ρ , ом · см ρ	Диффузионная длина L , мм L	Плотность дислокаций N_d , см ⁻² N_d
18	Исходный образец	п	1.7	0.68	5 · 10 ³
	—	п.	1.7	0.19	
	2.2 · 10 ¹⁶	п	1.7	0.19	
	4.7 · 10 ¹⁶	п	1.7	0.19	
	1.1 · 10 ¹⁷	п	1.7	0.31	
	3.0 · 10 ¹⁷	п	1.7	0.52	

L 35351-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/WW/JG/JH

ACC NR: AR6017799

SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/66/000/001/A053/A054

AUTHOR: Babushkin, A. A.; Mednikov, A. K.; Stroykin, N. I.

60
59
13

TITLE: "Window" in a semiconductor spectrometer of charged particles

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 1A468

REF SOURCE: Tr. 6-y Nauchno-tekhn. konferentsii po yadern. radioelektron. T. 1. M., Atomizdat, 1964, 12-20

TOPIC TAGS: radiation spectrometer, semiconductor barrier, charged particle, radiation detector, surface property, Alpha particle reaction

ABSTRACT: The authors investigated experimentally the influence of the thickness of the "window" (thickness of matter in which the nonregistered losses of particle energy occur) of a surface-barrier detector (SBD) on its characteristics. The SBD's used in the experiment were made of n-type silicon with resistivity ~250 - 600 ohm-cm and the detector "window" was gold or aluminum deposited

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ACC NR: AR6017799

the SBD depends on the thickness of the "window"; 2) the use of gold or aluminum screens deposited directly on the surface of the detector, to be able to register particles with higher energies, is limited by the deterioration of the amplitude resolution; 3) the SBD can be used with very simple apparatus to determine the energy loss of an alpha particle passing through thin layers of matter. L. S. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 18 , 09

BABUSHKIN, A. A.; MEDNIKOV, A. K.; STROYKIN, N. I.

"Measurements of the Energy Loss of Alpha Particles in Thin Layers of Gold
on Semi-Conductor Spectrometers."

report submitted for All-Union Conf on Nuclear Spectroscopy, Tbilisi, 14-22
Feb 64.

MEDNIKOV, A.K.; BABUSHKIN, A.A.

Silicon surface-barrier alpha-detectors. Prib. i tekhn. eksp. 9
no.3:55-56 My-Je '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Institut yadernoy fiziki AN KazSSR.

L 19567-65 EMT(1)/EMT(m)/REC(b)-2 Pq-l DIAAP/IJP(c) AEDG(b)/SSD(c)/
APGC(b)

ACCESSION NR: AP4047464

S/0120/64/000/005/0087/0092

AUTHOR: Mednikov, A. K.; Stroykin, N. I.; Babushkin, A. A.

TITLE: The "window" in semiconductor spectrometers of charged
particles

SOURCE: Priboz* i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 5, 1964, 87-92

TOPIC TAGS: surface barrier detector, nuclear radiation detector,
charged particle detector, spectrometer, semiconductor spectrometer,
charged particle semiconductor spectrometer

ABSTRACT: The results of an investigation of

Gold or Al, deposited directly on the surface of the charged-particle detector, served as the detector window. Nuclear radiation was provided by α -particles from ThC' and ThC'' , Po^{210} , and Po^{239} sources. The amplitude resolution and the charge liberated by the α -particle were measured by a system consisting of a preamplifier, a differential

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ACCESSION NR: AP4047464

discriminator, and a scaler. The preamplifier consisted of a charge-sensitive stage, a separating cathode follower, an amplifying stage, and an output cathode follower. The voltage pulse at the preamplifier output was proportional to the charge collected in the detector following ionization by an α -particle. The proportionality constant was determined by the parameters of the amplifier and did not depend

... agrees with earlier findings. Orig. art. has: 7
figures, 8 formulas, and 1 table.

Card 2/3

L 19567-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4047464

ASSOCIATION: Institut yadernoy fiziki AN KazSSR (Institute of
Nuclear Physics, AN KazSSR)

AUTHOR: Babuskin, A. A.; Mednikov, A. K.

TITLE: Preamplifier for large-capacitance semiconductor detectors

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 1, 1965, 105-108

TOPIC TAGS: preamplifier, radiation detector, semiconductor detector

ABSTRACT: A new charge-sensitive preamplifier with a circuit proposed by R. L. Chase et al. (IRE Trans., 1961, NS-8, no. 1, 147) and Soviet-made parts

Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP5007035

10 and 15 v (capacitance, 730 and 540 pf, respectively), the resolution was 2.3%;
it increased to 4% when the bias was reduced to 5 v (capacitance, 860 pf). Orig.

it increased to 4% when the bias was reduced to 5 V (capacitance, 0.001 pF). Orig.
art. has: 4 figures. [03]

ASSOCIATION: Institut yadernoy fiziki AN KazSSR (Institute of Nuclear Physics,
AN KazSSR)

SUBMITTED: 20Dec63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: Ec, ca

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 002

ATD PRESS: 3221

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033210020-9

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001033210020-9"

L 28371-66 EWA(h)/EWI(m)/T IJP(c)

ACC NR: AP5027012

SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/65/000/005/0088/0091

AUTHOR: Babushkin, A. A.; Mednikov, A. K.

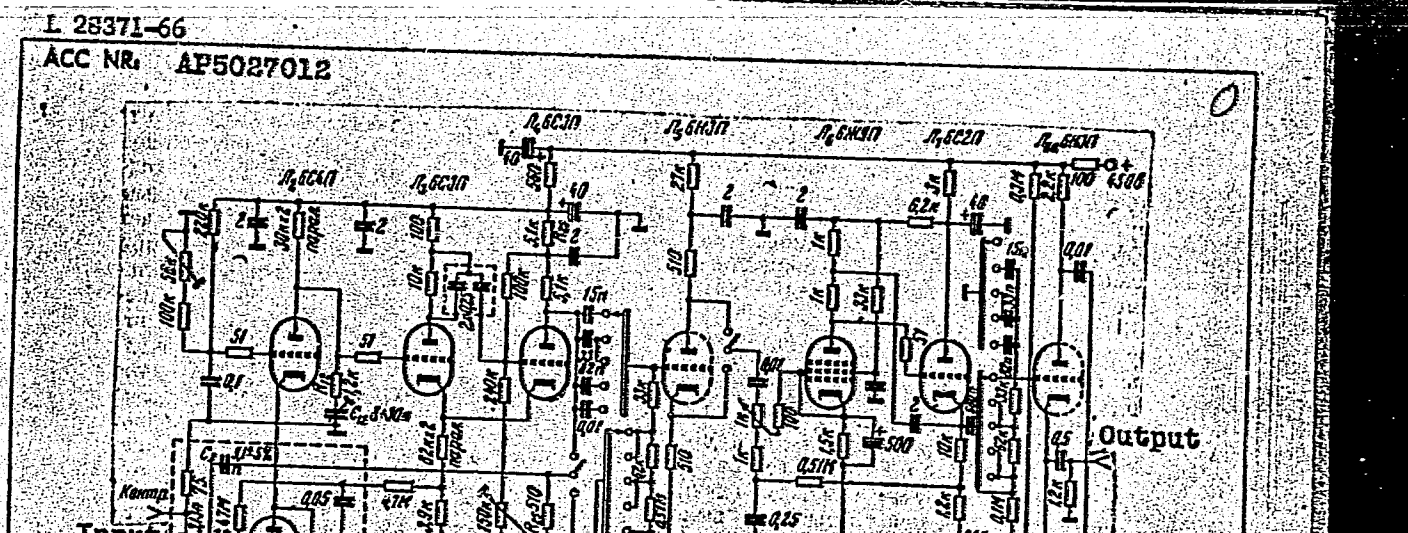
ORG.: Institute of Nuclear Physics of AN Kaz SSR, Alma-Ata (Institut yadernoy fiziki)

TITLE: Preamplifier for use with semiconductor detectors¹⁹ of nuclear radiations

SOURCE: Priory i tekhnika eksperimenta¹⁰, no. 5, 1965, 88-91

TOPIC TAGS: nuclear radiation, electronic circuit, preamplifier, circuit design, radiation detector, semiconductor device

ABSTRACT: A general circuit of a charge-sensitive preamplifier is described. This device is used for operations with the semiconductor detectors having a capacitance up to 1000 pf. The preamplifier circuit is shown in Fig. 1 (see Card 2/2). The first section consisting of the



L 28371-66

ACC NR: AP5027012

ratio of 5000. The possible self-excitation is eliminated by the inclusion of R_{12} , C_{12} , R_{25} , C_{17} , and C_2 in the circuit network. The tuning of these circuit elements is explained. The elimination of spurious oscillations by means of capacitors C_{12} and C_{17} is briefly discussed. The dependence of the output voltage and the noise level upon the input capacitance was graphically characterized. The noise curve shows a rapid increase in noises at the capacitances higher than 1 nf. The pre-amplifier resolution was about 2% at a 1 nf-input capacitance. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 18 / SUBM DATE: 11Aug65 / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 002

I. 00028-67 MET(1)/MET(m)/MET(t)/MET(j) JD
ACC NR: AR6019916 SOURCE CODE: UR/0275/66/000/002/B036/B036

AUTHOR: Babushkin, A. A.; Mednikov, A. K.; Stroykin, N. I.

TITLE: "Window" in a semiconductor spectrometer for charged particles

SOURCE: Ref, zh. Elektronika i yeye primeneniye, Abs. 2B289

REF SOURCE: Tr. 6-y nauchno-tekhn. konferentsii po yadern. radioelektron. T. I. M.,
Atomizdat, 1964, 12-20

TOPIC TAGS: radiation spectrometer, semiconductor research, nuclear research, particle physics, Alpha particle detector, CHARGED PARTICLE

ABSTRACT: The effect of the "window" thickness (layer of the substance in which un-registered losses in particle energy occur) of the surface-barrier detector (PBD) is investigated experimentally. PBD made of n-type silicon

L 09228-67

ACC NR: AR6019916

installation consisting of a preamplifier, a type AADØ-1 differential discriminator, and a type PS-10000 scaler. The following conclusions were arrived at on the basis of the experimental results: (1) amplitude resolution for the PBD depends on "window" thickness; (2) the use of Au or Al grids, applied directly to the surface of the detector to make possible registration of higher energy particles, is limited by deterioration in amplitude resolution; (3) the PBD, together with an extremely simple component, can be used to determine the energy lost by the Alpha particles in passing through the thin layers of the substance. L. S. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 20, 14

MEDNIKOV, A. M.

Hosiery

Improving the quality of cottonized stockings made from caprone. Leg. prom. 12
no. 9, 1952.

MEDNIKOV, A. N.

USSR/ Miscellaneous

Card 1/1 : Pub. 103 - 2/29

Authors : Mednikov, A. N., and Teyrlin, M. M.

Title : Utilization of electromechanical systems of periodic AC-current feeding in heavy machines

Periodical : Stan. i instr. 9, 7-10, Sep 1954

Abstract : The advantages and disadvantages of using electromechanical systems for periodic AC-current feeding in heavy metal-processing machines are discussed. The electrical motors most recommended for this purpose are described. Graphs; drawings; illustrations.

MEDNIKOV, A. N.

AID P - 4216

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 103 - 17/20

Authors : Mednikov, A. N. and N. M. Tsyrlin

Title : Spring and Arrow-Type Dynamometers

Periodical : Stan. i instr., 1, 39-40, Ja 1956

Abstract : The Kolomenskiy (near Moscow) Plant has built new and improved dynamometers of a spring and arrow-type design of 5 to 200 kgs capacity. The authors describe the 50 kg dynamometer and illustrate it. One picture and

ANDRIYEVSKAYA, L.D.; MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Role of deep-sea organisms in the nutrition of *Oncorhynchus*. Dokl. AN
SSSR 109 no.2:387-388 J1 '56. (MIRA 9:10)

1. Kamchatskoye otdeleniye Vsesoyuznogo tikhookeanskogo nauchno-is-
sledovatel'skogo instituta rybnogo khozyaystva i okeanografii. Pred-
stavleno akademikom Ye.N. Pavlovskim.
(Salmon)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.; PROKHOROV, V.G.

A new species of Cyclopteropsis (Pisces, Cyclopterinae) from the Bering Sea. Dokl. AN SSSR 111 no.3:717-719 N '56. (MIRA 10:2)

1. Kamchatskoye otdeleniye Vsesoyuznogo Tikhookeanskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta rybnogo khozyaystva i okeanografii. Predstavleno-akademikom Ye.N. Pavlovskim.
(Bering Sea--Cyclopteridae)

MEDNIKOV, B.M. (Petropavlovsk--Kamchatskiy).

~~_____~~
Distribution of Velella lutea biocoenosis in the Pacific Ocean.
Priroda no.6:126 Jo '57. (MIRA 10:7)
(Pacific Ocean--Marine Fauna)

USSR / General Biology. General Hydrobiology.

B

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 4, 1959, No. 14476

Author : Mednikov, B. M.
Inst : Pacific Ocean Scientific Research Institute
of Pisciculture and Oceanography
Title : Planktons and Herring of the Olyutorskiy-
Navarinskiy Rayon

Orig Pub : Izv. Tikhookeansk. n.-i. in-ta rybn. kh-va i
okeanogr., 1957, 44, 57-65

Abstract : During the time between 15 June to 15 August
1954, 163 samples of plankton were collected.
from the plankton of the North-Western part of

USSR / General Biology. General Hydrobiology.

B

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 4, 1959, No. 14476

herring swarms and the distribution of plankton complexes are compared. The highest concentrations of herring were found in the development zones of the Eucalanus bungii brood (in June - beginning of July) and in the alga withering zone (at the end of July). Highly intensive feeding is recorded for the development zone of Calanus cristatus and C. tonsus. Plankton distribution maps and herring catch maps are given for the Olyutorskiy and Olyutorskiy-
Yevlinskiy rivers. -- Ye. A. Falkina

MEDNIKOV, B. M.

A new species of the genus *Pseudalibrotus* Della-Valle (Amphipoda)
in brackish waters of the Far East. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol.
nauki no. 3:10-13 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy zoologii bespozvonochnykh Moskovskogo
gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V. Lomonosova.
(Anadyr Gulf--Amphipoda)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Production of calanids in Far Eastern seas of the U.S.S.R. Biul.
MOIP. Otd. biol. 65 no. 4:150 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:10)
(PACIFIC OCEAN—COPEPODA)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Production of calanids in the northwestern part of the Pacific Ocean.
Dokl. AN SSSR 134 no.5:1208-1210 0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.
Predstavleno akademikom Ye.N.Pavlovskim.
(Pacific Ocean—Copepoda)

MEDNIKOV, B. M., Cand Bio Sci -- "Zooplankton of the north-western part of Pacific Ocean as a feeding base for salmon and its productivity." Mos, 1961. (Acad Sci USSR. Inst of Oceanology) (KL, 8-61, 237)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Modification of Brodskii-Baskakov's method for rapid plankton count.
Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no. 1:11-12 '61.

(MIRA 14:2)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy zoologii bespozvonochnykh Moskovskogo
gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova.
(PLANKTON RESEARCH)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.; STAROBOGATOV, Ya.I.

Random cell for counting small biological objects. Trudy Gidrobiol.
ob-va 11:426-428 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Kafedra zoologii bespozvonochnykh Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta, Moskva.

(Flankton research)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Differences in the biological characteristics of food organisms
as a factor determining fish growth and the composition of commercial complexes. Vop. ikht. 2 no.2:299-308 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut rybnogo khozyaystva
i okeanografii (VNIRO), Moskva.
(Fishes--Food)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Effect of the viscosity of water on the variability in fishes.
Vop.ikht. 2 no.4:640-647 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut morskogo
rybnogo khozyaystva i okeanografii (VNIRO), Moskva.
(Fishes--Anatomy)

BARSUKOV, V.V.; MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Symposium on rosefish held by the International Commission for
the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries and the International Council
for the Exploration of the Sea in 1964. Vop. ikht. 2 no. 4: 758-
762 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

(Rosefish)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Duration of the metamorphosis in Calanoida and a determination of
the development of species with an extended period of reproduction.
Okeanologia 2 no.5:881-887 '62. (MIRA 15:11)
(Copepoda)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Some problems of systematics and philogenesis of lower Teleostei.
Biol. MOIP. Otd. biol. 67 no.1:155-156 Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:3)
(TELEOSTEI)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Ecological forms of fishes and the problem of sympatric speciation,
Zool. zhur. 42 no.1:70-77 '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. All-Union Research Institute of Fishery Management and
Oceanography, Moscow.

(Fishes) (Origin of species)

MEDNIKOV, B.M.

Correlation between the development rate in insects and the nucleotide composition of their ribosome RNA. Dokl. AN SSSR 161 no.3:721-723 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Submitted June 18, 1964.

MEDNIKOV, B.M.; ANTONOV, A.S.; BELOZERSKIY, A.N., akademik

Molecular mechanism of the Crozier principle in its application to
the development of poikilothermal animals. Dokl. AN SSSR 165
no.1:227-229 N '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

MEDNIKOV, D.A.

Organization and improvement of communication in industrial
administrations. Vest. svyazi 23 no.5:18 My '63. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Nachal'nik Rostovskogo oblastnogo upravleniya svyazi.

SOKOLOV, Aleksey Nikolayevich; MEDNIKOV, D.M., inzh., -retsensent;
VARKOVETSKAYA, A.I., red. izd-va; PETERSOM, M.M., tekhn.
red.

[Rapid smelting of steel in electric-arc furnaces]Skorost-
nye plavki stali v dugovykh elektropechakh. Izd.2., perer.
i dop. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1963. 271 p. (MIRA 16:4)
(Steel--Electrometallurgy)

1ST AND 2ND COLUMNS										3RD AND 4TH COLUMNS									
PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX																			
CA Extracts from pine stumps. F. A. Mednikov. <i>Mitt. Kirovsk. forsttek. Akad. (U. S. S. R.)</i> No. 34, 3-15 (1939). 1 Water, ether, alc. and 1% and 5% NaOH exts. of pine stumps were analyzed and it was found that during the first 5 years of development there is no increase in the content of resinous material. The resinous compds. of young stumps have a low acid no., a large content of fatty acids and substances insol. in petr. ether. Thirty-five references. B. Z. Kamich																			

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Smirnov, D.N. and Mednikov, F.A. "The darkening of rosin when heated with water and alkali extracts from discarded pine timoer", Trudy Lesotekhn, akad. im. Kirova, No. 63, 1948, p. 105-12.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statey, No. 9, 1949)

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Tsentr. nauch.-issled. in-ta bumazhnoy prom-sti, issue 37,
p. 361-66 --- Bibliog: p. 366

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24093 MEDNIKOV, F. A. O smolistosti osmolopodsochnoy drevesiny. Izvestiya Akad.
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Bibliogr: 12 Nazv.

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SO: Letopis' Ahurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 50, Moskva, 1949.

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Mednikov, F. A. - "Investigating the essential oil of spruce and determining its industrial application," Trudy Lesotekhn. akad. im. Kirova, No65, 1949, p. 167-80, - Bibliog: 34 items

SO: U-5240, 17, Dec. 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 25, 1949).

MEDNIKOV, F.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; GURICH, N.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Industrial processing of fresh resinous wood from stumps. Der.1 lesokhiz.
prom. 2 no.10:19-20 0 '53. (MLRA 6:9)

1. Leningradskaya lesotekhnicheskaya akademiya im. S.M.Kirova (for Mednikov).
2. TsNILKhI (for Gurich). (Turpentine)

MEDNIKOV-F.A.

Resin content in fresh pine stumps as a function of the
height of the trunk part. B. A. Mednikov. *J. Appl. Math.*
Chem. U.S.S.R. 27, 1149-52 (1954) (Engl. translation).—See
CA 49: 8302i. B. M. R.

MEDNIKOV, F. A.

USSR.

No. 11, Resin content in fresh pine stumps as a function of the height of the trunk part. F. A. Mednikov, *Zhur. Priklad. Khim.* 27, 1213-17 (1954). The max. resin content was found in the "neck" at which the trunk passes into the roots. The resin content in wt. % decreases linearly with the distance in either direction. L. Benicewitz

Wood Technology Read in S. M. Kirov

MEDNIKOV, F.A.

MEDNIKOV, F.A.--"Use of Tarred Wood (Osmo) in the Wood-Chemical Industry." * (Dissertation For Degrees In Science And Engineering At USSR, Higher Educational Institutions). (34). Min Higher Education USSR, Leningrad Order of Lenin Wood-Technical Acad. imeni S.M. Kirov, Leningrad, 1955.

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 34, 20 August 1955

* For the Degree of Doctor of Technical Sciences

MEDNIKOV, F.A.; TYUL'PANOVA, T.N.

Weight computations of tar-impregnated stumps. Gidroliz. i lesekhn.
prom. 8 no.5:26-27 '55. (MIRA 9:1)

1.Leningradskaya lesotekhnicheskaya akademiya imeni S.M.Kirova.
(Wood--Measurement)

MEYNIKOV, F. A.

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Wood chemistry products. Cellulose and its manufacture. Paper, I-23

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6246

Author: Mednikov, F. A., Tyul'panova, T. N.

Institution: None

Title: Procurement and Processing of Lumbering Lightwood

Original

Publication: Gidroliznaya i lesokhim. prom-st', 1956, No 5, 26-27

Abstract: The technical and economic factors in the processing of lightwood derived from lumbering are analogous to those in treatment of

ME DAIKOV, P. A.

The properties of spruce resin and its derivatives. P. A.
Mednikov and K. G. Gol'dman (S. M. Kirov Woodtech.
Acad., Leningrad). *Gidroliz i Lzriakham. Prilozh. k*

12-13(1936). — Oleoresin (I), obtained by tapping spruce
trees as suggested by Tolstachev and Sinelohov (C.A. 48:
13333h) had resin 76.4, turpentine 12.6, water 0.8, and ex-
traneous substances 4.8%. The sepd. resin had acid no.
153, saponification no. 190, ester no. 39, resin acids no.
73.4, fatty acids 7.6, unsaponifiables 14.5, and substances
insol. in ligroin 12.7%. Turpentine had d_4^{20} 0.831, n_D^{20}
1.431, n_D^{25} 1.428, initial b.p. 155°, and 95% of the substance
was evapd. at 170°. The properties of I from spruce corre-
sponded in general to those of I from pine. T. Jurcic